

ANSWER KEY**FIRST HALF: FIRST ROUND**

1. Chatham County
Bonus Point: Onslow County
2. ACCEPTABLE IDs. The law says voters should show one of these photo IDs when they vote in person; the ID can be expired for up to one year:
 - NC driver's license;
 - Photo ID from your county board of elections; it will be free to registered voters who give last 4 digits of their Social Security # and birthdate (there may be other requirements, as well); and is good for 10 years;
 - Non-driver's ID from NC DMV; it's free to citizens who show a birth certificate and other documents;
 - US passport;
 - Enrollment card from a US or NC recognized tribe;
 - Student ID from a NC private or public college or community college that follows strict procedures for issuing ID cards, under State Board of Election rules; after 2020, the card must have an expiration date;
 - NC state or local government employee ID card issued under strict procedures; cards issued after the 2020 election must have an expiration date;
 - US military or veterans card, even if it does not have an expiration date;
 - Driver's license from another state, but only good for 90 days after the person registers to vote in NC.
3. One of these (or along these lines): Partisan; Political; Racial; Ethnic; Linguistic; Religious; Class
4. Municipal Elections
5. February 14, 1920
6. The General Assembly. Extra point: One (Nebraska)
7. An act to establish a non-partisan redistricting process
8. Support of the Chapel Hill School Board in its assignment of pupils on a non-discriminatory basis.
9. The Chief Justice of the NC Supreme Court
10. 8 (points). Extra point: UNC 96 Duke 92

FIRST HALF, SECOND ROUND

1. B. Early voting in person. Extra point: 10 day
2. Forever

3. Any of the following:

Harris v. Cooper (formerly known as Harris v. McCrory)
Rucho v. League of Women Voters of North Carolina and Rucho v. Common Cause
North Carolina v. Covington

4. July
5. Maud Wood Park
6. Odd-numbered. Extra point: January
7. B. 55%
8. No
9. Anita Earls
10. Austin Rivers

SECOND HALF, FIRST ROUND:

1. D. 18 – 25
Extra Point:
A. 66 or older
2. B. By May 1, 2019
3. March 26, 2019
4. November 5, 2019
Extra point: October 8, 2019
5. Passage of the Sheppard-Towner Act of 1921 providing federal aid for maternal and child care programs
6. He persuaded the Senators to conduct the debate in an atmosphere of outward friendliness and respect, or at least civility, encouraging them to be fair and open-minded, open to reason and compromise, and praising them for being so reasonable and open-minded thus far.
7. C. 36
8. Supporting a school redistricting policy that maintained a racial balance and continuity of individual educational experience; supporting improvement of quality of integration within the schools and individual classrooms.

9. Ground rules for civil and respectful conversations include:
 - Let everyone have a chance to participate
 - Listen to understand, not to respond.
 - Assume best intentions from all participating
 - Use personal experiences to help share your viewpoint.
 - Ask questions for clarification or further learning
 - There are no right or wrong answers, everyone's voice matters.
 - Honor time limits
 - No side conversations

10. N.C. State

SECOND HALF: SECOND ROUND

1. Unaffiliated
Extra point: C. 3.5 – 4 million

2. A copy of an approved identity document

3. Any of the following: Arkansas; Connecticut; Georgia; Louisiana; Maryland; Michigan; Ohio; Pennsylvania; Texas; Virginia; Wisconsin

4. October 16, 2019 to November 2, 2019

5. 1920. Extra point: Gertrude Weil

6. Examples of observable civil discourse include:
 - Active listening
 - Non-verbal Attentiveness
 - Collaborating to find solutions
 - Working to find common ground
 - Negotiating
 - Speaking in a respectful tone of voice
 - Paraphrasing and repeating back what participants have said
 - Exchange of ideas
 - Courtesy
 - Respectful of other participants' feelings
 - Agreeing to disagree if unable to find common ground or compromise
 - Establishing eye contact (Positive in the American Cultural Context)
 - Talking one person at a time
 - Including all stakeholders or affected parties
 - Presenting all sides of the issue and/or all options or solutions
 - Presenting the facts
 - Presenting supporting evidence
 - Reasoned, orderly debate

Constructive debate

Moderation – striving for the middle ground

Refraining from monopolizing the dialogue, conversation, or debate

Giving all participants an equal opportunity to express their views

7. C. To eliminate gerrymandering
8. No
9. Making Democracy Work: Expanding voter access; Redistricting; Money in politics; Fighting voter suppression.
10. Winning the NCAA Men's Basketball Division II National Championship in 1989.